GROUP

7 HERBICIDE

GHARDA DIURON 4L

Herbicide

For control of Herbaceous weeds and Annual and Perennial grasses.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Diuron	40.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL:	100.00%

This product contains 4 pounds of diuron per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **CAUTION**

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING (Recirculate Contents Before Use)

See inside booklet for complete Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Warranty.

EPA Reg. No.: 93182-27 EPA Est. No.: 19713-MS-001

Manufactured For:



760 Newtown-Yardlev Rd., Suite 110 Newtown, PA 18940

1-215-968-9474

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 Gallons

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CLOTHING:

FIRST AID · Call a poison control center or doctor SWALLOWED: immediately for treatment advice. · Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. · Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF IN EYES: · Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. · Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rins- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF ON · Take off contaminated clothing. SKIN OR Rinse skin immediately with plenty of

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For emergency medical treatment information call CHEMTREC at 1-(800)-424-9300

for treatment advice.

water for 15 to 20 minutes.

Call a poison control center or doctor

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking and chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

All pilots and flaggers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks. In addition to the PPE above, ground boom applicators must also wear chemical-resistant gloves.

All mixers, loaders, other applicators, and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, chemical-resistant gloves and chemical-resistant apron when mixing, loading, or cleaning equipment or spills, and wear a minimum of a NIOSH approved filtering face piece respirator with any N filter (TC-84A). You can also use other NIOSH approved particulate respirators that offer protection. For more information, www.epa.gov/pesticide-respirators. See engineering controls for additional requirements. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)]. When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standards (WPS) for Agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS. Flaggers supporting aerial applications must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the WPS for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, flaggers must wear long-sleeved

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

shirt, long pants, shoes, and socks.

Users should:

• Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. · Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.

Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark, do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

PRODUCT USE INFORMATION

Use of diuron in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in Washington Toxics Coalition et al vs. EPA, C01-132C (W.D. WA.). For information, please refer to www.epa.gov/espp/wtc/.

This product is to be mixed with water and applied as a spray

for selective control of weeds in certain crops and for nonselective weed control on non-cropland areas. It is non-corrosive to equipment, non-flammable and non-volatile. This product may be applied to soil prior to emergence of weeds to control susceptible weed seedlings for an extended period of time; the degree of control and duration of effect will vary with the amount of chemical applied, soil texture, rainfall and other conditions. Soils high in clay or organic matter require higher dosages than soils low in clay or organic matter to obtain equivalent herbicide performance. Moisture is required to activate the chemical; best results occur if rainfall (or sprinkler irrigation) occurs within 2 weeks of application.

This product applied pre-emergence, before emergence of crop and weeds, is an effective procedure because susceptible weeds are controlled in an early, vulnerable seedling state before they compete with the crop. With favorable moisture conditions, this product continues to control

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weeds for some time as the crop becomes better able to

best results are obtained on succulent weeds growing under conditions of high humidity and temperatures of 70°F or higher. Addition of a non-ionic surfactant to the spray increases contact effects of this product.

This product may be used as a directed post-emergence application. Avoid contact of crop foliage and/or fruit with spray or mist to avoid injury on the following crops: Artichokes, Corn (field), Cotton, Sorghum (grain), Sugarcane and established plantings of Apples, Bananas, Blueberries, Caneberries, Citrus, Gooseberries, Filberts, Grapes, Macadamia nuts, Olives, Papayas, Peaches, Pears, Pecans, Plantains, Walnuts and certain Tree plantings.

Under specified conditions (see "DIRECTIONS FOR USE"), this product without surfactant may be applied over the top of Alfalfa (established, dormant or semi-dormant), Asparagus (established), Birdsfoot trefoil (established, dormant), Grass seed crops (established), Oats, Pineapples, Plumosus fern (established, mowed), Red clover (established, dormant), Sugarcane and Wheat.

Weed species vary in susceptibility to this product and they may be more difficult to control when under stress. Combinations of this product with other herbicides (as registered) increase the number of species controlled; consult labels of the companion products for this and other information.

Since the effect of this product varies with soils, uniformity of application and environmental conditions, it is suggested that growers limit their first use to small areas. Observe all use precautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures. Follow the most restrictive label.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Do not contaminate any body of water.
- Do not mix/load or use near wells including abandoned wells, drainage wells and sinkholes.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply (except as directed for crop use) or drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.
- Do not use on home plantings of trees, shrubs or herbaceous plants, nor on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts or similar areas.
- Prevent drift of spray to desirable plants.
- · Keep from contact with fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides and seeds.

- Thoroughly clean all traces of this product from application equipment immediately after use.
- Calibrate sprayers only with clean water away from well
- Flush tank, pump, hoses and boom with several changes of water after removing nozzle tips and screens (clean these parts separately).
- Avoid storage of pesticides near well sites.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

This product is a Group 7 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 7 herbicides.

When herbicides affecting the same biological site of action are used repeatedly over several years to control the same weed species in the same field, naturally occurring resistant biotypes may survive a correctly applied herbicide treatment, propagate, and become dominant in that field. Adequate control of these resistant weed biotypes cannot be expected. It may be necessary to retreat the problem area using a product affecting a different site of action, if weed control is unsatisfactory.

To better manage herbicide resistance through delaying the proliferation and possible dominance of herbicide resistant weed biotypes, it may be necessary to change cultural practices within and between crop seasons such as using a combination of tillage, retreatment, tank-mix partners and/or sequential herbicide applications that have a different site of action. Weed escapes that are allowed to go to seed will promote the spread of resistant biotypes.

It is advisable to keep accurate records of pesticides applied to individual fields to help obtain information on the spread and dispersal of resistant biotypes. Consult your agricultural dealer, consultant, applicator, and/or appropriate state agricultural extension service representative for specific alternative cultural practices or herbicide recommendations available in your area.

INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds.

To ensure that the proper herbicide is applied based on the weed species and growth stages, fields need identify for weed species present and their growth stage present to determine if the intended application of this product will be effective. Fields need also be scouted after application to verify that the treatment was effective. Suspected herbicideresistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:

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- Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds,
- · A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
- Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your Gharda Chemicals retailer, representative or call 1-(215) 968-9474. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with a herbicide having a different mechanism of action and/or use non-chemical means to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production. Tank mix products so that there are multiple effective mechanisms of action for each target weed.

Some Best Management Practices include:

- · Planting into weed free fields and keeping fields as weed-free as possible.
- To the extent possible use a diversified approach toward weed management. Whenever possible incorporate multiple weed-control practices such as mechanical cultivation, biological management practices, and crop rotation.
- · Scout fields prior to application to identify the weed species present and their growth stage to determine if the intended application will be effective.
- Scout fields after application to verify that the treatment was effective.
- Fields with difficult to control weeds should be rotated to crops that allow the us of herbicides with alternate mechanisms of action or different management practices.
- To the extent possible do not allow weed escapes to produce seeds, roots or tubers. Manage weed seeds at harvest and post-harvest to prevent a buildup of the weed seed bank.
- · Prevent field-to-field and within field movement of weed seed or vegetative propagules. Thoroughly clean plant residues from equipment before leaving fields.
- Prevent an influx of weeds into the field by managing field boarders.
- · Identify weeds present in the field through scouting and field history and understand their biology. A properly prepared weed-control program needs to consider all of the weeds present.
- · Difficult to control weeds may require sequential applications of herbicides with differing mechanisms of action from this product as a foundation
- Apply this herbicide at the correct timing and rate needed to control the most difficult weed in the field.

- Use a broad-spectrum soil-applied herbicide with a mechanism of action that differs from this product as a foundation in a weed-control program. Do Not use more than two applications of this or any other herbicide for the difficult-to-control weeds with the same mechanism of action within a single growing season unless mixed with a herbicide with another mechanism of action with an overlapping spectrum.
- If resistance is suspected treat weed escapes with an herbicide with a different MOA or use non-chemical methods to remove escapes.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with any-

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

thing that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water

is: Coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any wa-

terproof material and shoes plus socks.

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR Part 170. The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses. Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

Non-crop weed control is not within the scope of the WPS.

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SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT FOR GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATIONS

Mandatory Spray Drift

Aerial Applications

- . Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field. · Nozzles must be oriented, so the spray is directed to-
- ward the back of the aircraft. Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per
- hour at the application site. • Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Applications

- · Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- For all applications, applicators are required to use a medium or coarser spray droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Boom-less Ground Applications:

- · Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1) for all applications.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- · Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Spray Drift Advisories:

- THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. • BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND EN-
- VIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.
- IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

 Volume - Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.

- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

- Adjust Nozzles Follow nozzle manufacturers recommendations for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles should be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.
- BOOM HEIGHT Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

 RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft Higher release heights increase the potential for spray

drift. When applying aerially to crops, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 ft above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

 SHIELDED SPRAYERS Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

 TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

• TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Boom-less Ground Applications: Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help

to reduce the potential for spray drift. Handheld Technology Applications:

Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

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BUFFER RESTRICTIONS

Do not apply by air if sensitive non-target crops are within 100 feet of the application site.

SELECTIVE USE IN CROPS

This product when used before weed emergence (preemergence use) will provide the following control of annual

CONTROL		
0.6 to 0.8 Quarts Per Acre (0.6 to 0.8 lbs. Al)	1.2 to 1.6 Quarts Per Acre (1.2 to 1.6 lbs. Al)	
Barnyardgrass (Watergrass) Crabgrass Lambsquarters Pigweed Purslane Ragweed	Amsinkia (Fiddleneck) Annual Bluegrass Annual ground cherry Annual morningglory Annual sweet vernalgrass Chickweed Corn spurrey Dogfennel	Foxtail Gromwell Knawel Pennycress Rattail fescue Red sprangletop Shepherdspurse Tansymustard Velvetgrass Wild buckwheat Wild lettuce Wild mustard

CONTROL			
1.6 to 4.8 Qu	1.6 to 4.8 Quarts Per Acre (1.6 to 4.8 lbs. Al)		
Ageratum Annual lovegrass Annual ryegrass Annual smartweed Annual sowthistle Corn speedwell Dayflower Flora's paintbrush Hawksbeard	Horseweed Johnsongrass (Seedling) Kyllinger (Kyllinga) Marigold Mexican clover Orchardgrass Peppergrass	Pineappleweed Pokeweed Rabbit tobacco Ricegrass Sandbur Spanishneedles Velvetleaf (Buttonweed) Wild radish	

PARTIAL CONTROL		
0.8 Quarts Per Acre (0.8 lbs. Al)	3.2 Quarts Per Acre (3.2 Lbs. AI)	6.4 to 8 Quarts Per Acre (6.4 to 8.0 lbs. Al)
Annual morningglory Cocklebur Prickly sida (Teaweed) Sesbaria Sicklepod	Horsenettle Quackgrass	Guineagrass Maidencane Pangolagrass

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

CEPT for Alfalfa, Barley (Winter), Cotton (pre-plant or preemergence only), Grass seed crops (grown in Pacific Northwest only), rights-of-way, Sugarcane and Wheat (Winter). Application may be made by aircraft at a minimum of 3 gallons of water per acre. Avoid overlapping of spray swath and avoid application under conditions where excessive drift may occur. Where land is bedded, make applica-

AERIAL APPLICATION: Aerial application is prohibited EX-

tion parallel to rows. GROUND APPLICATION: Use a boom power sprayer properly calibrated to a constant speed and rate of delivery. Use screen openings of 50-mesh or larger. Continuous agitation in the spray tank is required to keep the material in suspension. Agitate by mechanical or hydraulic means. If bypass or return line is used, terminate the line at the bottom of tank to minimize foaming. Avoid overlapping and shut off spray booms while starting, turning, slowing or stopping or injury to crop may result.

soil. Pre-emergence weed control will be reduced on high organic matter soils such as peat or muck. POST-EMERGENCE: Use sufficient volume and pressure for thorough coverage of weed foliage. For selective applications and applications near sensitive crops, use low spray pressure to keep spray drift to a minimum. This product, at

PRE-EMERGENCE: Use sufficient spray volume and pressure to uniformly distribute the spray solution over treated

labeled rates, control seedling annual weeds such as Annual morning-glory, Barnyardgrass (Watergrass), Crabgrass, Crowfoot, Goosegrass, Pigweed and Purslane. Addition of a surfactant to the spray increases contact effects of this product. Best results are obtained on succulent weeds growing under conditions of high humidity and temperatures of 70°F or higher.

SPRAY PREPARATION: Mix proper amount of this product into necessary volume of water. When using a surfactant,

dilute with 10 parts of water and add as last ingredient to a nearly full tank. TANK MIXTURES: This product may be tank mixed with other herbicides and/or adjuvants registered for crop or non-crop use in this label. Refer to the label of the tank mixture partner(s) for any additional use instructions or restrictions. Always follow the most restrictive label. It is the pesticide users responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow

the most restrictive direction for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

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necessary adjustments. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human

REPLANTING: Unless otherwise directed, do not replant treated areas to any crop within 2 years after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result. NOTE: For crops grown in the arid west, reductions in normal irrigation practices for the crop in production or a Summer fallow period without supplemental irrigation may require the crop rotation intervals to be extended. When such conditions occur a field bioassay can be completed prior to planting of any desired crop. A successful bioassay means growing up to maturity a test strip of the crop(s) intended for production. Implement a testcrop(s) strip across the entire field including knolls, low areas and areas where any berms were located. The results of this bioassay may require the rotation inter-

vals to be extended. RATES: All rates of this product are expressed as broadcast rates; for band treatment, use proportionately less. For example, use one-third of the broadcast rate when treating a 14-inch band where row spacing is 42 inches. Where a range of dosages is given, use the lower rate on Coarse textured soils low in clay or organic matter and the higher rate on Fine textured soils high in clay or organic matter. For post-emergence application, use the lower rate on smaller

weeds and the higher rate on larger weeds. **SOIL LIMITATIONS:** Crop injury may result from failure to observe the following: Unless otherwise directed, do not use on Sand, Loamy sand or Gravelly soils or exposed subsoils, nor on Pecans where organic matter is less than 0.5%, nor on Alfalfa, Apples, Artichokes, Barley (Winter), Citrus, Cotton, Grapes, Oats, Olives, Papayas, Peaches, Pears, Sorghum, Sugarcane, Walnuts and Winter wheat where organic matter is less than 1%, nor on Blueberries, Birdsfoot trefoil, Caneberries, Gooseberries, Macadamia nuts and Peppermint where organic matter is less than 2%.

CHEMIGATION:

Apply this product only through sprinklers, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move or micro sprinklers irrigation system(s). **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of

If you have questions about calibration, contact your State Extension Service Specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system can be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

consumption if such system has at least 15 service connec-

tions or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

System must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Use continuous agitation of the pesticide supply tank for the duration of the application period. The pesticide is to be applied continuously for the duration of the water application.

FIELD CROPS (See Soil Limitations):

A good seedbed must be prepared before pre-emergence use of this product as crop injury may result if application is made to ground which is cloddy or compacted, resulting in improperly planted seed. Plant seed to depth specified. Unless otherwise directed, do not cultivate or disturb the surface of the soil after application and before emergence of the crop as weed control may be reduced and crop injury may result. However, if moisture is insufficient to activate the herbicide, a shallow cultivation (rotary hoe preferred) can be made after emergence of crops while weeds are small enough to be controlled by mechanical means.

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS (See Soil Limitations): RESTRICTIONS:

• Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or groves.

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Unless otherwise directed, make single application per year as a directed spray, avoiding contact of foliage and fruit with spray or drift.

FIELD CROP USES

Alfalfa

begins.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Dormant or Semi-dormant/Broadcast or Band/Ground or Aerial Applications:
- Maximum single application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al)
- Maximum annual application 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per vear.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Do not spray on snow covered or frozen ground. • Do not apply to seedling alfalfa or alfalfa/grass mixtures.
- Do not apply to alfalfa under stress from disease, insect damage, shallow root penetration (such as on shallow hard pans), alkali spots, nor to flooded fields as crop injury may result.
- Use Specific Restrictions for CA, ID, OR and WA:
- · Application may only be made to alfalfa established for ID, OR, WA: Use 1.2 to 2.4 quarts (1.2 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per

acre for control of annual weeds in Fall after Alfalfa becomes dormant but no later than mid-December. CA (Dormant and Semi-Dormant Varieties): Use 1.2 to

2.4 quarts (1.2 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre in Fall or Winter after Alfalfa becomes dormant or semi-dormant, but before growth begins in the Spring. Crop injury may result if application is made to actively growing Alfalfa. For best results, apply before weeds have emerged or become established (2 inches in height or diameter). Control of established weeds is improved by applying this product with a suitable contact herbicide registered for such use. Sufficient rainfall for soil activation of this product is unlikely in CA after February 1. Treated areas may be replanted to any crop after one year from last application if rate does not exceed 1.6

quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre. AZ, NV: Use 1.2 to 2.4 quarts (1.2 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre in Fall after Alfalfa becomes dormant but no later than January. Eastern CO, KS: For control of Tansy mustard, apply 0.8

quart (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre shortly after emergence of Mustard in the Fall or Winter; use 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre if weeds are 2 inches to 4 inches tall. Alternatively, if other annual weeds are present, apply 1.6 to 2.4 quarts (1.6 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre in February or March.

Other Areas Where Alfalfa Becomes Winter Dormant: Use 1.2 to 2.4 quarts (1.2 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre (1.2 to 1.6 quarts (1.2 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre East of Appalachian Mountains) in March or early April, but before Spring growth

Artichoke

RESTRICTIONS:

- After last Cultivation/Directed Spray/Ground:
 - AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED
 - Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.

CA: Apply 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre in late Fall or early Winter after the last cultivation before weeds germinate or to emerging seedlings. Direct spray to cover the area between the rows and at the base of Artichoke plants, keeping contact with plants at a minimum.

Asparagus

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Broadcast or Band/Ground:

 - AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED. Maximum single application rate:
 - Light Sandy Soils: 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre. ■ Soils High in Clay or Organic Matter: 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - · Maximum annual application rate: ■ Light Sandy Soils: 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per

 - Soils High in Clay or Organic Matter: 4.8 quarts (4.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
 - Minimum retreatment interval (RTI) is 30 days, but no earlier than after harvest.
 - · Apply only to established plantings, do not apply to young plants during the first growing season (except as noted below), nor to newly seeded Asparagus, nor
 - When two applications are made, first application needs to be made no earlier than 4 weeks prior to spear emergence and no later than the early cutting period, and second application following completion of harvest; each application must be made at 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Newly Planted Crowns/Broadcast or band/Ground:

on plants with exposed roots.

- AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED. Maximum single application rate 3.2 Quarts (3.2 lbs.
- Al) per acre. Maximum annual application rate 3.2 Quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Use Specific Restrictions for San Joaquin Delta, CA:
 - Do not apply to soils containing <2% organic matter.</p>
 - Do not treat new crowns planted to a depth of less than 2 inches.

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Established Plantings: On Light soils and other soils low in clay or organic matter, apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts (0.8 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre. On soils high in clay or organic matter, apply 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre. Two applications may be used; the first application need to be made before weeds become established but no earlier than 4 weeks before spear emergence and no later than the early cutting period (if weeds are controlled into the cutting period by cultural practices, application may be delayed until im-

may be made immediately following completion of harvest provided rainfall is expected. In WA (irrigated crop), apply a single treatment of 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre. If treatment is delayed until late Winter or early Spring, incorporation of the chemical in the top 1 inch to 2 inches of soil may substitute for lack of rain to activate the herbicide.

mediately after the last cultivation); a second application

Newly Planted Crowns - CA (San Joaquin Delta): Make a single application of 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre on soils high in clay or organic matter; use the lower rate on Clay loams and the higher rate on Peat soils. Soils must be settled by rainfall or irrigation prior to treatment.

Barley, Winter (Drill-planted)

RESTRICTIONS:

- Preemergence /Broadcast or Band/Ground or Aerial:
 - Maximum single application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) • Maximum annual application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs.
- Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1. • Do not replant treated areas to any crop within 1 year
 - after the last application as injury to subsequent crops may result.

Western OR and Western WA: For drill-planted Barley, make a single application of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre as soon as possible after planting but before emergence of Barley.

Grass Forage, Fodder and Hay

RESTRICTIONS: • Preemergence/Dormant/Postemergence/Broadcast or

- Band/Ground or Aerial: Aerial applications are limited to the Pacific Northwest.
 - Maximum single application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - · Spring applications may only be made at a maximum

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- application rate of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs Al) per Acre. Do not graze or feed foliage from treated areas to live-
- stock within 70 days after application.
- Do not treat areas where sprigs are planted less than 2 inches deep as crop injury may result.

Apply 0.8 to 2.4 guarts (0.8 to 2.4 lbs. Al) after planting and before emergence of grass or weeds. Alternatively, for control of emerged annual weeds up to 4 inches in height, apply 0.4 to 0.8 quart (0.4 to 0.8 lbs. Al) per acre; add a surfactant per 25 gallons of spray. If Bermudagrass has emerged at time of treatment, temporary burn of exposed plant parts may occur. Plant sprigs (stolons) 2 inches deep in a wellprepared seedbed.

Birdsfoot trefoil (Lotus)

RESTRICTIONS:

- Dormant/Broadcast or Band/Ground: AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
 - Maximum single application rate: 1.6 guarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.6 guarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1. • Do not replant treated areas to any crop within 1 year after last application as injury to subsequent crops may

Western OR: Treat only stands established for at least 1 year; do not apply to seedling Trefoil as injury may result. Make a single application of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre when Trefoil is dormant (October 15 to December 15).

Corn (Field)

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Directed Spray/Ground:
- AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
- DO NOT APPLY OVER TOP OF CORN.
- Do not replant to any crop within 1 year except Corn, Cotton and Grain sorghum may be planted the Spring following treatment.
- Maximum single application rate (alone) 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum single application rate (w/non-pressurized
- nitrogen) 0.6 Quarts (0.6 lbs. Al) per acre. Maximum annual application rate 0.8 quarts (0.8lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Preemergence/Broadcast or Band/Ground: • Maximum single application rate: 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs.
 - Al) per acre. Maximum annual application rate 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs.
 - Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - Do not replant treated areas to crops other than Corn or Cotton within 4 months following band treatment and 6 months following broadcast treatment as crop injury may result.

Postemergence: Make a single application of 0.6 quart (0.6 lbs. Al) per acre in combination with non-pressurized ni84675 1 page#12 Friday, July 24, 2020 11:36:35 AM

trogen solution. If nitrogen solution is not used, apply Gharda Diuron 4L at a rate of 0.8 quart (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre. Add a surfactant for each 25 gallons of spray. Apply as a directed spray when Corn is at least 20 inches high and weeds are no taller than 3 inches.

Preemergence-AR, LA, MS and TN: Make a single application of 0.5 to 0.8 quart (0.5 to 0.8 lbs. Al) per acre as a broadcast or band treatment after planting, but before Corn emerges. Plant Corn at least 1.5 inches deep.

Cotton

RESTRICTIONS:

- · Ground or Aerial
 - DO NOT SPRAY OVER THE TOP OF COTTON PLANTS.
 - Do not apply to sand or loamy sand soils. • Do not use on soils with less than 1% organic matter as crop injury may result.
 - Maximum annual application rate inclusive of all diuron applications made within 1 year: • 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year in coarse

 - 1.6 guarts (1.5 lbs. Al) per acre per year in medium
 - 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year in fine soils. Maximum number of applications per year is 3.
 - Minimum retreatment interval is 21 days. • Do not treat Cotton in deep furrows as crop injury may
 - Do not allow livestock to graze treated cotton.
 - Do not use this product in pre-plant or pre-emergence applications where soil-applied organophosphate insecticides are used due to potential for severe cotton
 - injury and possible stand loss. • Do not retreat field with a second pre-plant or preemergence application during the same year as injury to the crop may result.
 - Preplant Application Rates:
 - Maximum single application rate: 1.6 Quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate per acre per vear:
 - 0.8 guarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year in coarse
 - 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year in medium and fine soils.
 - Maximum number of applications is 1.
- Use Specific Application Rates for AZ and CA
- Maximum single application rate (alone):
- 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre in coarse soils.

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- 1.6 quarts (lbs. Al) per acre in medium to fine soils.
- Maximum single application rate (following Trifluralin):
 - 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year in coarse soils.

- 1 quart (1.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year in medium to fine soils.
- Maximum number of applications is 1.
- Preemergence Application Rate: Maximum single application rate per acre:
 - 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre in coarse soils.
 - 1 guart (1.0 lbs. Al) per acre for medium soils. • 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre for fine soils.
 - Maximum annual application rate per acre per year: • 0.8 guarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year in coarse
 - 1 quart (1.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year in medium soils,
 - 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year in fine soils
 - Maximum number of applications is 1. • Do not apply this product preemergence following application of the maximum rate for a given soil applied
 - Total amount of this product preemergence or preplant must not exceed the maximum use rate for either pre-
- plant or preemergence applications.
- Postemergence (Directed Spray) • Early Postemergence (Post directed to >6-inch Cotton).
 - Maximum single application rate per acre: • 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre (Cotton 6 to 8
 - inches). • 1.2 quarts (1.2 lb. Al) per acre (Cotton 8 to 12
 - inches). • Maximum annual application rate per acre per year:
 - 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre (Cotton 6 to 8
 - 1.2 quarts (1.2 lb. Al) per acre (Cotton 8 to 12 inches). Maximum number of applications is 2 when applied
 - at lower rates. Minimum retreatment interval is 21 days.
 - Late Season Postemergence (Lay-by Cotton 12 inches/20 inches tall for Pima S-2)
 - Maximum single application rate 1.2 quarts (1.2 lbs.
 - Al) per acre. • Maximum annual application rate 1.2 quarts (1.2 lbs.
 - Al) per acre per year. Maximum number of applications is 2 when applied
 - at lower rates.
 - . Minimum retreatment interval is 21 days.
 - Use specific application rates for AZ and CA.
 - Maximum single application rate 1.6 guarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.6 guarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications is 1.

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Applications made preplant or preemergence may be followed by a postemergence treatment providing the total combined application rate does not exceed the maximum annual rate per acre per year. Note: When using this product in a sequential treatment program, allow a minimum of 21 days between applications.

Gharda Diuron 4L may be used following Trifluralin. Seedling disease may weaken plants and increase the possibility of injury from the use of Trifluralin products followed by this product. These treatments need to be used only in conjunction with a standard fungicide seed treatment plus a good supplemental soil fungicide program.

Preplant – AZ and CA: Use this product alone or apply as a separate operation following pre-plant broadcast treatment with trifluralin products (incorporated according to directions on product label). Apply this product as a broadcast spray after beds are formed, pre-irrigated and final seedbeds prepared. Prior to planting, drag-off the tops of the beds and plant in moist soil not treated with this product. Treated soil is returned to the bed after planting when irrigation furrows are reformed after Cotton has emerged. If more than two furrowing-out operations are made prior to lay-by or deep furrows are made early, weed control may be reduced in furrow bottoms.

Use at the following rates:

Gharda Diuron 4L Following Trifluralin:

Soil Texture	Rate per Acre G Following		
Soil Texture	Trifluralin (4 lbs. Al/gal.)	Gharda Diuron 4L	
Sandy loam, Loam, Silt loam, Silt	1.0 pt. (0.5 lbs. Al)	0.5 to 0.8 qt. (0.5 to 0.8 lbs. Al)	
Sandy clay loam, Clay loam, Silty clay loam, Sandy clay, Clay	1.5 pt. (0.75 lbs. Al)	0.8 to 1.0 qt. (0.8 to 1.0 lbs. Al)	

Pre-Plant - Except AZ, CA: This product may be used for burndown of existing annual weeds and residual control of weeds prior to planting Cotton. Complete any planned tillage prior to application. Apply herbicide treatments before weeds germinate or before weed seedlings are more than 2 inches tall. If weeds are emerged prior to application, add a nonionic surfactant. Tillage following application need to be avoided to prevent incorporation of the herbicide into the Cotton seed germination zone which may result in crop injury. Dragging treated soil from beds will concentrate the herbicide

in middles and reduce residual weed control on the beds. Apply this product at 0.8 to 1.6 quarts (0.8 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre from 15 to 45 days prior to anticipated planting. Refer

to the table below for use rates in pre-plant applications. If less than the maximum rate of application for a given soil is applied pre-plant, subsequent pre-emergence applications of this product may be made.

Gharda Diuron 4L Alone		
Soil Texture	Rate Per Acre	
Sandy loam, Loam, Silt loam, Silt	0.8 qt. (0.8 lbs. Al)	
Sandy clay loam, Clay loam, Silty clay loam, Sandy clay	1.0 qt. (1.0 lbs. Al)	
Silty Clay, Clay	1.6 qt. (1.6 lbs. Al)	

Preemergence application of herbicides with a similar mode of action to that of diuron following pre-plant application of this product may result in Cotton injury. When preplant applications of this product are followed by preemergence applications of herbicides with a similar mode of action, e.g., fluometuron, the product containing fluometuron need be used at the minimum rate of application for the soil under consideration in order to reduce potential for crop injury. This is most critical where applications of this product are made less than 30 days pre-plant, on coarse textured soils and on soils low in organic matter. The risk of injury from pre-plant applications of this product is reduced where substantial rainfall (more than 0.5 inches) occurs between application and planting. Read and follow any additional use precautions on this product label when using this product for pre-plant weed control in Cotton.

Pre-plant Tank Mixes: When emerged weeds taller than 2 inches or weeds not listed on this label are present, this product may be tank-mixed with other products labeled for pre-plant applications in Cotton. The addition of dry spray grade ammonium sulfate at the rate of 2.0% w/w (17 pounds per 100 gallons finished spray solution) is suggested to enhance performance of this product plus glyphosate tank mixes.

Replanting: Only Cotton and Corn may be planted within 6 months of pre-plant applications of this product. To avoid crop injury following replanting, avoid disturbing the original bed.

Pre-emergence - Except AZ, CA: Use this product alone or apply as a separate operation following pre-plant treatment with Trifluralin. Apply this product after planting but before Cotton emerges. Use only where Cotton is planted on flat or raised seedbeds. Shallow incorporation (no deeper than 0.25 inch) with a rotary hoe or similar equipment following planting usually improves results especially during dry weather. A wide press wheel needs to be used on the planter to provide a level seedbed for subsequent early season post-emergence treatments. If moisture is insufficient to activate this product or if soil becomes crusted before crop emerges, a shallow rotary hoeing (no deeper than 0.25 inch) needs to be made before weeds become established.

This product need not be applied pre-emergence following application of the maximum rate for a given soil applied preplant. If less than the maximum rate is used pre-plant, ad-

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ditional application of this product may be made at preemergence. However, the total amount of this product applied pre-plant and preemergence must not exceed the maximum suggested use rate for either pre-plant or preemergence applications.

This Product Alone Preemergence: Make a single application as a broadcast or band spray using the following broadcast rates; for band treatment, use proportionately less.

Soil Texture	Rate Per Acre
Sandy loam, Loam, Silt loam, Silt	0.8 qt. (0.8 lbs. Al)
Sandy clay loam, Clay loam, Silty clay loam, Sandy clay	1.0 qt. (1.0 lbs. Al)
Silty Clay, Clay	1.6 qt. (1.6 lbs. Al)

This Product Preemergence following Trifluralin Preplant: Apply Trifluralin prior to planting as a broadcast or band treatment; incorporate according to directions on Trifluralin label. As a separate operation, apply this product as a band treatment 14 to 20 inches wide after planting but before Cotton emerges. Use the following broadcast rates. For band treatment, use proportionately less.

	Rate per Acre	
Soil Texture	Preplant Trifluralin (4 lbs. Al/gal.)	Pre-emergence This Product
Sandy loam, Loam, Silt loam, Silt	1.0 pt. (0.5 lbs. Al)	0.8 qt. (0.8 lbs. Al)
Sandy clay loam, Clay loam, Silty clay loam, Sandy clay, Clay	1.5 pt. (0.5 lbs. Al)	1 to 1.6 qt. (1.0 to 1.6 lbs. Al)

Post-emergence: Apply only as a directed spray to cover weed foliage; adjust nozzles to minimize contact of Cotton leaves with spray or drift or crop injury may result. Applications may also be made in hooded/shielded sprayers.

Early Season Post-emergence Treatment: Apply when Cotton is at least 6 inches tall and when weeds are actively growing and DO NOT exceed 2 inches in height. Apply as a band treatment at the following rates: for each 25 gallons of spray, add a surfactant. Two applications may be made if needed.

Annual Weeds Up to 2 inches tall	
Cotton Height	Rate Per Acre
Cotton 6 to 8 inches	0.8 qt. (0.8 lbs. Al)
Cotton 8 to 12 inches	1 qt. (1.0 lb. Al)

For control of seedling perennial grasses such as Johnsongrass and partial control of Nutsedge or when weed growth is under drought stress or over 2 inches high, add 1.65 to 2.0 lbs. Al per acre MSMA to above spray mixture. If MSMA is used, do not apply after first bloom. For enhanced weed control in hooded/shielded sprayer applications add MSMA as suggested above. Consult the MSMA product label for specific directions and precautions for hooded sprayer applications.

Late Season Post-emergence Treatment (Lay-By): Apply 0.8 to 1.2 guarts per acre (0.8 to 1.2 guarts (0.8 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in AZ and CA) when Cotton is at least 12 inches tall (at least 20 inches tall for Pima S-2). For control of germinating weed seedlings, apply to soil beneath Cotton plants and between rows immediately after last cultivation. In irrigated Cotton, best weed control is obtained if the field is irrigated within 3 to 4 days after application; thoroughly wet the surface of the ground over the row to carry the herbicide into the root zone of germinating weeds. Alternatively, for control of emerged annual weeds (up to 4 inches in height) at lay-by time, make a single application in combination with a surfactant or use 0.4 to 0.6 quart (0.4 to 0.6 lbs. Al) of this product (plus surfactant) per acre and repeat later if needed.

Replanting: If initial seeding fails to produce a stand, Cotton may be replanted in soil treated pre-emergence with this product alone or following pre-plant application of trifluralin. Wherever possible, avoid disturbing original bed. If necessary, to rework soil before replanting, use shallow cultivation such as disking; do not relist nor move soil into the original drill area. Plant seed at least 1 inch deep.

Subsequent crops:

This Product- Type of Application	Crops That May Follow Treated Cotton
Band pre-emergence -OR- post-emergence	Any crop 4 months after last application
Band pre-emergence plus post-emergence -OR- Broadcast pre-emergence (and pre-plant) -OR- Broadcast pre-emergence plus band post-emergence	Corn, Cotton, Grain sorg- hums (not Sorgos or For- age sorghums nor Grass sorghums) or Soybeans the next Spring. Do not re- plant treated areas to any other crop within 1 year after last application, as in- jury to subsequent crops may result.

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n Spring before rapid growth of the crop begins and wh	en
he Windgrass is still small (1 to 4 leaf).	

th Western OR, Western WA: On Alta fescue, Astoria bentgrass, Highland bentgrass, Kentucky bluegrass (Merion bluegrass) and Orchardgrass, apply 1.6 to 2.4 quarts (1.6 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre between October 1 and November 15. In fields where ash residues have accumulated from burning straw, use 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre; spread unburned chaff or straw with a harrow or chopper before application. For best results, apply as soon as possible after Fall rains start. Established weeds (beyond 2- to 4-leaf

stage) need to be removed prior to treatment. Well-established vigorous stands of Spring-planted Alta fescue, Kentucky bluegrass and Orchardgrass may be treated the following Fall provided the crop is planted before April 1 and treatment is not applied before October 15; use 1.6

quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre. WA: Apply in the Fall to perennial Ryegrass to control weeds and seedling grasses such as annual bluegrass and volunteer ryegrass at the rate of 0.8 to 1.6 quarts (0.8 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre and to Tall fescue at the rate of 1.6 to 2.4 quarts (1.6 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre. Use a sufficient volume of water in minimum of 25 gallons per acre by ground and minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre by air, for thorough coverage of weed foliage. For best results, make applications at the onset of the Fall rains and before weeds have

stage need to be removed prior to treatment. Apply only to well established, vigorous stands. Use mechanical agitation and avoid overlap of spray patterns. Weed control efficacy may be reduced in fields where ash residues have accumulated from burning straw.

Annual Ryegrass for the Creation of Rows: Apply 0.8 to

become established (typically October 1st through No-

vember 15th). Established weeds beyond the 2- to 4-leaf

1.6 quarts (0.8 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre as a directed or shielded spray so the intended crop row area is not treated. These applications need to be made where excessive populations of annual Ryegrass are anticipated to volunteer from previous crops. Applications can be made as a directed/shielded spray during seeding or after emergence of annual Ryegrass. These applications generally will occur between October 1 and January 15. This product is most effective when applied before annual Ryegrass volunteer plants have more than 2 leaves. If larger plants are to be treated, addition of a labeled post-emergence herbicide will provide more effective control.

Adjust nozzle heights and spacing to allow the establishment of the desired row width (generally about 3 inches) and spacing (generally 9 to 12 inches). Use of low-pressure nozzles, shielded nozzles or drop nozzles to reduce spray movement into the intended crop row area.

This Product- Type of Crops That May Follow Application **Treated Cotton** Broadcast post-emergence Corn, Cotton, Grain sorg-(lay-by) hums (not Sorgos or Forage sorghums nor Grass sorghums) the next Spring. RESTRICTIONS: Do not replant treated areas to any other crop within 1 year after last application, as injury to subsequent crops may

For subsequent crops in fields where Trifluralin is used, follow instructions on Trifluralin product label(s).

Grass Seed Crops (Perennial except where specifically indicated)

RESTRICTIONS: Aerial application is limited only to the Pacific Northwest.

- Maximum single application rate: 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al)
- Maximum annual application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Do not replant treated areas to any crop within 2 years
- of last application as injury to next crop may occur. • Do not spray on snow covered or frozen ground.
- Treat only stands established for 1 year or more.
- Do not apply to seedling alfalfa or alfalfa/grass mixtures.
- . Do not treat stands lacking in vigor due to poor fertility, environmental stress, insects, disease or damage from other herbicides.
- Use Specific Restrictions for CO, KS, NM and OK:
- Do not apply after crop begins growth in the Spring as
- crop injury may result. • Use Specific Restrictions for Eastern OR, Eastern WA:
- Do not use on coarse (sand) textured soils.
- Use Specific Restrictions for WA:
- Do not apply to perennial Ryegrass stands less than 1 year old.

CO, KS, NM and OK: On Sand bluestem, Side-oats grama and Switchgrass, apply 1.6 to 2.4 quarts (1.6 to to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre during the dormant period shortly before weed seedlings emerge. In fields where ash residues have accumulated from burning straw, use 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre; spread unburned chaff or straw with a harrow or chopper before application.

Eastern OR, Eastern WA: On perennial Bluegrass and Fescue, apply 0.8 to 2.4 quarts (0.8 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre as broadcast in enough diluent to get even distribution. Apply

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alt by: brittm

Fine Fescue Grass Seed Crops (including Chewings, Creeping red and Hard fescue

for the suppression of Rattail fescue

- RESTRICTIONS: • Aerial application is limited only to the Pacific Northwest.
- Maximum single application rate: 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum annual application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Do not use on Sand, Loamy sand, Gravelly soils or exposed subsoils.
- Do not apply more than 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre on soils having less than 1% organic matter.

Apply at 0.8 to 1.6 guarts (0.8 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre on soils having at least 1% organic matter. Crop Stage and Application Timing: This product is for use

on healthy, vigorous stands of Fine fescue. This product can be applied to stands established at least 1 year or to new plantings that have been established for at least 6 months and have a minimum of eight tillers at time of application.

Apply in Fall before Grass weeds are beyond the 1 to 2-leaf stage and before broadleaf weeds are larger than 1 to 2 inches tall or across. Use the high end of the rate range for large weeds or where weed populations are high. Approximately 0.5 to 1 inch of rainfall or sprinkler irrigation is needed to move this product in the weed zone before weeds develop an established root system. Weeds larger than the size indicated or those having a well-established root system before this product is properly activated by rainfall/irrigation may not be adequately controlled.

Weed control may be reduced by heavy straw residues or ash from field burning.

Tank Mixes and Sequential Treatments: This product can be applied either alone or in a program involving tank mixes and/or sequential treatments with other herbicides and adjuvants. When using as tank mix with other herbicides, use 0.8 to 1.2 guarts (0.8 to 1.2 lbs. Al) per acre unless prior experience indicates it is safe to use higher rates. Tank mixes with other herbicides can increase the risk of crop injury.

When using certain tank mixes for the first time, limit use to a small area to determine safety before treating large areas. ID, OR, WA: Use in newly planted Bentgrass, Chewing fescue, Kentucky bluegrass, perennial Ryegrass, Orchardgrass and Tall fescue. During planting operation, spray a suitable brand of activated charcoal as a 1-inch band on soil surface at a rate of 300 pounds per acre (broadcast basis; equivalent to 15 pounds per acre of crop when row spacing is 20 inches). Mount nozzles to apply directly over seed rows to prevent crop injury. Follow with this product as a single broadcast spray at a rate of 2 to 2.4 quarts (2.0 to 2.4 lbs. before crops or weeds emerge and before rains or sprinkler irrigation. Fall or Spring plantings may be treated. Best results usually occur with early Fall plantings. Treatment will not control Downy brome or Wild oats. Perennial Ryegrass, Tall Fescue, Kentucky Bluegrass and Fine Fescue (Grown for Seed) (OR Only)

Al) per acre. Apply as soon as possible after planting, but

RESTRICTIONS:

- Aerial application is limited only to the Pacific Northwest. • Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Use Specific Restrictions for Perennial Ryegrass (Estab-
 - Maximum single application rate: 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs.
- Al) per acre per year. Use Specific Restrictions for Tall Fescue (Established):
 - Maximum single application rate: 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Use Specific Restrictions for Kentucky Bluegrass (Established stands East of the Cascade Mountains): Maximum single application rate: 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs.
 - Al) per acre. • Maximum annual application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs.
 - Al) per acre per year.
- Do not use on Poa trivialis grass seed varieties.

Al) per acre per vear.

- Use Specific Restrictions for Fine Fescue OR Only (Illahee, Rainier, Chewings and related varieties including Hard fescue) (Established stands West of the Cascade Mountains):
 - Maximum single application rate: 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs.
 - · Do not use this product more than two years in succession in the same field.
- Use Specific Restrictions for Established Perennial Bluegrass (ID and WA Only):
 - Maximum single application rate: 1 quarts (1.0 lbs. Al)
 - Maximum annual application rate 1 quarts (1.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Do not use on Coarse (Sandy) textured soils.

For control of certain Broadleaf weeds and annual grasses apply this product only to well-established vigorous stands of grasses as directed below. Use sufficient water, a mini-

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mum of 25 gallons per acre, for thorough coverage of weed foliage. For best results, make application at the onset of Fall rains and before weeds become established (typically October 1 through November 15). Weeds beyond the 2- to 4-leaf stage will usually not be controlled. Use higher rates within the range listed when treating larger weeds and heavier weed infestation.

Weed control may be reduced where straw or ash residues have accumulated on the soil surface. Lack of moisture to activate the herbicide may reduce weed control. Tank mixtures or sequential treatments with other herbicides may reduce crop sensitivity and increase risk of crop injury. When

using this product in a tank mix or in a sequential treatment with other herbicides, do not use the maximum rates listed below unless compatibility and the potential for phytotoxicity have been evaluated. Crop sensitivity may be reduced, and the likelihood of crop injury may increase when crop is under stress caused by weather, diseases and insects. Perennial Ryegrass (Established): Apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts (0.8

to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year (October 1 through mid-January) to control Seedling grasses and Broadleaf weeds such as Annual bluegrass and others named on the product label. Tall Fescue (Established): Apply 1.6 to 2.4 quarts (1.6 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year (October 1 through mid-January) to control Seedling grasses and Broadleaf weeds such as Rattail fescue and others named on the product label.

Kentucky Bluegrass (Established stands East of the Cascade Mountains): Apply 1.2 to 2.4 guarts (1.2 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year (October 1 through mid-January) for suppression of Rattail fescue and certain other Seedling grasses and Broadleaf weeds named on the product label.

Downy brome is not controlled. Fine Fescue (Illahee, Rainier, Chewings and related varieties including Hard fescue) (Established stands West of the Cascade Mountains): Apply 0.8 to 1.6 quarts (0.8 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre for suppression of Rattail fescue and certain other Seedling grasses and Broadleaf weeds named on the product label.

Established Perennial Bluegrass (Grown for Seed) (ID and WA Only)

Broadcast 0.4 to 1 quart (0.4 to 1.0 lbs. Al) of this product per acre in enough diluent to get even distribution. Apply in Spring before rapid growth of Bluegrass begins and when Windgrass is still small (1 to 4-leaf).

Oats (Drill Planted)

RESTRICTIONS:

- Preemergence/Postemergence/Directed/Ground:
 - AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
 - Maximum single application rate 1.2 quarts (1.2 lbs. Al)
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.2 quarts (1.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.

- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Preemergence/Broadcast or Band/Ground:
- AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
- Maximum single application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al)
- Maximum annual application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum Number of Applications Per Year is 1.
- Do not replant treated areas to any crop within one year after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result

Drill-Planted Spring Oats-ID, Eastern OR, eastern WA: Use in areas where average annual rainfall exceeds 16 inches. Make a single application of 0.8 to 1.2 guarts (0.8)

to 1.2 lbs. Al) per acre after planting, either before or after Oats emerge but within 6 weeks of planting. Best results are usually obtained when application is made 3 to 4 weeks after planting. Apply before weeds are 3 to 4 inches tall.

Drill-Planted Winter Oats and Mixtures with Peas or Vetch - Western OR and Western WA: Make a single application of 1.2 to 1.6 quarts (1.2 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre as soon as possible after planting but before emergence of the crop. Application may be made to winter oats mixed with peas and vetch.

Pea. Austrian Field (Western OR)

RESTRICTIONS:

- Preemergence, Broadcast or Band, Ground:
- AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
- Maximum single application rate 1.6 guarts (1.6 lbs. Al) Maximum annual application rate 1.6 guarts (1.6 lbs.
- Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Do not use this product on Sand, Sandy loam, Gravelly soils or exposed subsoils or on soils having less than 1% organic matter as crop injury may result.
- Do not replant treated area to another crop within one year of application.

This product is for selective control of certain weeds in Austrian field peas. Apply 1.2 to 1.6 quarts (1.2 to 1.6 lbs. Al) of this product per acre as a broadcast spray as soon as possible after planting but before crop emerges for control of weeds such as Annual bluegrass, Chickweed, Fiddleneck, Lambsquarter, Pigweed, Shepherdspurse and Wild mustard. Use lower rate on coarse textured soils and higher rate on fine textured soils. Note: Crop injury may result if severe winter stress, disease or insect damage to the crop follows application.

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Peppermint, tops (Pacific Northwest)

RESTRICTIONS:

- Preemergence, Dormant Broadcast or Band, Ground:
- AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
- Maximum Single Application Rate.
- Soils with 1.0 to 2% organic matter 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Soils with 2.1 to 3.0% organic matter 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Soils with > 3.0% organic matter 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum annual application rate:
 - Soils with 1.0 to 2% organic matter 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year
 - Soils with 2.1 to 3.0% organic matter 1.6 guarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Soils with > 3.0% organic matter 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Applications can only be made to stands established for one year.
- Do not apply to stands of Mint suffering from stress due to low fertility, drought, winter injury, insects, disease or damage from other herbicides or other causes.
- Do not apply to snow covered or frozen ground as injury to the crop or poor weed control may result.
- · Do not apply to Sand, Loamy sand, Gravelly soils or exposed subsoils. • Do not apply to soils having less than 1% organic
- Do not apply to soils that have a high salt content and/or high-water table or poor drainage that retards Mint root development resulting in a shallow root system.
- · Do not cultivate after application. Application Timing: Apply this product to established

stands of Mint at least one year during the late Winter dormant period or after flaming in the Spring prior to the emergence of new growth. If weeds are present at the time of application, the use of a surfactant at 0.25% v/v or crop oil concentrate at 1.0%v/v may be used to increase the performance of this product post-emergence to weeds.

Tank Mixes and Sequential Treatments: This product can be applied either alone or in a program involving tank mixes and/or sequential treatments with other herbicides and adjuvants providing this product is not applied to actively growing Mint plants.

When using a tank mix with other herbicides, use the lower end of the rate range of this product unless prior experience indicates it is safe to use higher rates. Tank mixes and sequential treatments with other herbicides can increase the

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risk of crop injury. When using a certain tank mix or sequential treatment for the first time, limit use to a small area to determine safety before treating large areas.

Red Clover

(Western OR) RESTRICTIONS:

- Dormant/Broadcast/Ground:
 - AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
 - Maximum single application rate: 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs.
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.6 guarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications Per Year is 1.
 - Application may only to stands established at least 9 months.
- Do not apply to seedling Red clover and do not replant treated area to any crop within one year after last application, as injury to subsequent crops may result. Make a single application of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre

on established Red clover stands (at least 9 months). Apply this product when Red clover is dormant (October 15 to December 15). Treatment will control annual weeds such as Bluegrass, Chickweed, Hawksbeard, Rattail fescue, Ryegrass and Velvetgrass.

Sorghum-Grain

(Southwestern States)

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Direct Spray/Ground: AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
 - DO NOT SPRAY OVER TOP OF SORGHUM.
 - Maximum single application rate (Broadleaves 2 inches): 0.2 quarts (0.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum single application rate (grasses/broadleaves 2-4"): 0.4 quarts (0.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 0.4 guarts (0.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year for broadleaves is 2.
 - · Minimum Retreatment Interval is 30 days.
 - Do not treat weeds under drought stress.
 - Do not replant treated areas to crops other than Corn
 - or Cotton within 4 months following band treatment and 6 months following broadcast treatment as crop injury may result.

Apply 0.2 to 0.4 quart (0.2 to 0.4 lbs. Al) per acre. Add a surfactant. Apply as a directed post-emergence broadcast or band spray after Sorghum is 15 inches tall to control weeds 2 to 4 inches in height. Use the lower rate on Broadleaved weeds up to 2 inches tall; use the higher rate on grasses up to 2 inches and Broadleaved weeds up to 4 inches tall. When the lower rate is used, a second application may be

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made, if needed, provided the amount applied in one year does not exceed 0.4 quart (0.4 lbs. Al) per acre. Treatment of weeds under drought stress is usually ineffective. Sugarcane

RESTRICTIONS:

- · Do not treat Sugarcane growing on thinly covered sub-
- soils or rocky areas as crop injury may result. • Preemergence, Broadband, Band, Ground or Aerial:
- Use Specific Restrictions in FL;
 - Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs.
 - Al) per acre. Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Postemergence, Direct Spray, Ground or Aerial:
- Use Specific Restrictions in FL:
 - Maximum single application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 4.8 quarts (4.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - Do not apply more than 4.8 quarts (4.8 lbs. Al) total per acre between planting (or ratooning) and harvest.
- Preemergence/Postemergence, Broadcast or Band, Directed Ground or Aerial.
 - Use Specific Restrictions in LA, TX:
 - Maximum single application rate 3 quarts (3.0 lbs.
 - Maximum annual application rate 3 quarts (3.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - Use Specific Restrictions in HI:
 - Maximum single application rate 4.8 quarts (4.8 lbs.
 - Maximum annual application rate 9.6 guarts (9.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 3.
 - Minimum Retreatment Interval is 30 days.
 - Use Specific Restrictions in PR:
 - Maximum single application rate 5 quarts (5.0 lbs.
 - Al) per acre. Maximum annual application rate 8 quarts (8.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 3.
 - Minimum Retreatment Interval is 30 days.

To prevent possible crop injury on new cane varieties, sensitivity to this product need to be determined prior to adoption as field practice. Temporary chlorosis of the crop may result from application over emerged cane. Application over emerged cane need to be made only as directed below, without the addition of a surfactant or crop oil concentrate. To minimize chlorosis and stunting, use directed post-emergence sprays. FL (Preemergence): Make 1 application of 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre as a broadcast or band spray

prior to weed emergence after planting or after harvesting

plant crop (for ratoon crop) for high organic soils. FL (Postemergence): Apply 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre as needed by directed spray inter-row. Alternatively, for Panicum control, applications of 0.4 to 0.8 quart (0.4 to 4.8 lbs. Al) per acre plus surfactant as a directed spray after cane has emerged but before Panicum exceeds 2 inches in

height. Adjust nozzles to spray beneath cane plants and between rows to cover weed foliage and to minimize contact of cane leaves with spray or drift. LA, TX: (Preemergence/Postemergence): Apply 2.4 to 3 quarts (2.4 to 3.0 lbs. Al) Per Acre after planting as a broadcast spray following harvest in late winter, or after last cultivation following the harvesting of Sugarcane. Application is best when made prior to weed emergence.

HI: Apply 1.6 to 4.8 quarts (1.6 to 4.8 lbs. Al) per acre as a

broadcast spray prior to weed emergence after planting or

after harvesting plant crop or ratoon crop. Two sequential

applications of 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre

may be made as a broadcast spray over emerged cane or by directed spray inter-row. If weeds are emerged, add a surfactant to spray mixture at the rate of 1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons and apply as a directed spray. Apply no more than 3 treatments or more than 9.6 quarts (9.6 lbs. Al) per acre in Hawaii between planting (or ratooning) and harvest. Treated areas may be replanted to sugarcane or pineapple 1 year after last application. Puerto Rico (PR): Apply 3.2 to 5 quarts (3.2 to 5.0 lbs. Al) per acre as a broadcast spray prior to weed emergence after planting or after harvesting plant crop (for ratoon crop).

A second or third application of 1.5 to 3 quarts (1.5 to 3.0 lbs. Al) per acre may be made as a broadcast spray over emerged cane or by directed spray inter-row not to exceed a total of 8 quarts (8.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year between planting (or ratooning) and harvest. If weeds are emerged, add a surfactant to the spray per 100 gallons and apply as a directed spray. Treated areas may be replanted to Pineapple or Sugarcane one year after last application. Apply this product as a post-directed spray immediately after the last cultivation. Direct the spray application to the base (no more than one-third of the plant height) of the Sugarcane plants. When small weeds (3 inches or less) are present at application, add a surfactant at 0.25% v/v or crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v to the spray mix. Temporary leaf

For band application, reduce the above broadcast rates proportionately to the width of the band using the following formula:

yellowing may occur following application.

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Band width in inches

in inches

X Broadband rate = Band rate per acre Row width

Wheat (Winter)

RESTRICTIONS:

- · Winter-sensitive varieties may be less sensitive to this product than Winter-hardy varieties:
- . Do not treat Wheat plants lacking in vigor due to poor emergence, insect damage, disease, high alkalinity or
- Do not use with surfactants or nitrogen solutions.
- Do not replant treated areas to any other crop within 1 year after last treatment (except as noted) as injury to subsequent crops may result. • Do not retreat field with a second application during the
- same crop year as injury to the crop may result. Preemergence/Postemergence. Broadcast or Band,
 - Ground or Aerial: Use Specific Restrictions for east of the Cascade
 - Range in ID, OR and WA. • Maximum single application rate 1.2 quarts (1.2 lbs.
 - Al) per acre. Maximum annual application rate 1.2 quarts (1.2 lbs.
 - Al) per acre per year. Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - Do not apply after wheat reaches "boot" stage.
 - · Use Specific Restrictions for west of the Cascade Range in **OR** and **WA**.
 - Maximum single application rate 1.6 Quarts (1.6 lbs.
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.6 Quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - · Applications after wheat reaches the "boot" stage is prohibitive.
- Postemergence, Broadcast or Band, Ground or Aerial.
- Use Specific Restrictions for KS, OK and TX.
 - Silt, Silt-loam soils:
 - Maximums single application rate 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 0.8 quarts (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - Clay, Clay loam, Silty Clay loam soil:

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- Maximum single application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum annual application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.

- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Use Specific Restrictions for the Central Plains and the Midwest:
 - Maximum single application rate: 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Use Specific Restrictions for the Northeast:
 - Maximum single application rate 1.2 quarts (1.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.2 quarts (1.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.

Make aerial applications in 2 GPA. Crop injury may result where severe Winter stress, disease

or insect damage follows application. ID, OR and WA (East of Cascade Range): In areas where average annual rainfall exceeds 16 inches, make a single

application of 0.8 to 1.2 quarts (0.8 to 1.2 lbs. Al) per acre.

Fall Treatment: For early Fall-planted Wheat (seeded before September 10), apply 3 to 6 weeks after planting but before weeds are 3 to 4 inches tall. Treatment after October 1 has generally given best results. Application must not be made after soil freezes in the Fall. Wheat planted in late Oc-

Spring Treatment: Apply as soon as Wheat starts to grow in the Spring. Treatment made prior to April 10 will usually give good results provided weed growth is less than 4 inches tall. Application later than May 1 may give poor results. Alternatively, make a single application of 0.4 to 0.8 quart (0.4 to 0.8 lbs. Al) of this product plus bromoxnil as a tank mixture, either in the Fall after Wheat has emerged but before soil freezes or in the Spring as soon as soil thaws;

tober need not be treated until the following Spring.

apply before weeds are 2 inches tall or across.

In areas where average annual rainfall is 10 to 16 inches, following Fall planting, make a single application of 0.8 to 1.2 quarts (0.8 to 1.2 lbs. Al) per acre when enough moisture is available to germinate Wheat seed. Apply before soil freezes and before weeds are 2 inches tall. Application later than March 1 may give poor results.

NOTE: If Fall-planted Wheat fails to grow due to Winter kill or adverse growing conditions after Fall treatment, only fields treated before November 1 may be replanted to Spring Wheat. Spring Wheat must not be planted before April 1 and only after deep disking and plowing to a depth of 4 to 6 inches prior to planting.

OR and WA-West of Cascade Range: Make a single application of 1.2 to 1.6 quarts (1.2 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre as soon as possible after planting; if Wheat and weeds have emerged, apply before weeds are 3 to 4 inches tall. Alternatively, apply a tank mixture of this product plus bromoxynil as detailed above for "East of Cascade Range".

Other Areas of OR and WA: Make a single application in the Spring as soon as Wheat (Fall-planted) starts to grow and before weeds are 2 inches tall. Application later than May 1 may give poor results.

Central Plains and Midwest: Use 0.8 to 1.6 quarts (0.8 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.

KS, OK and TX: DO NOT use on Sand or Sandy loam soils. Use 0.8 guart (0.8 lbs. Al) per acre on Silt and Silt loam soils and 1.2 to 1.6 quarts (1.2 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre on Clay,

Clay loam and Silty clay loam soils. Northeast: Use 0.8 to 1.2 guarts (0.8 to 1.2 lbs. Al) per acre.

FRUIT AND NUT CROPS (See Soil Limitations) RESTRICTIONS:

• Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or groves.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Broadcast, Directed or Band/Ground:
- AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
- Maximum single dormant application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre. Maximum split application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al)
- per acre at dormancy plus a second application of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre post-harvest. Maximum annual application rate 3.2 guarts (3.2 lbs.
- Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
- Minimum Retreatment Interval is 90 days.
- Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 1 year.
- Do not treat verities grafted on full-dwarf rootstock. • Use Restrictions for Gharda Diuron 4L plus Terbacil:
 - · Where crop is grown under furrow irrigation or under raised-berm flood irrigation (trees 4 to 6 inches above waterline), apply only as a band treatment.
 - · Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 2 years.
 - Apply as directed spray, avoiding contact of foliage and fruit with spray or drift. Use this product alone or apply as a tank mix with Terbacil.

Gharda Diuron 4L Applied Alone: Apply 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring (March through May). In the Far West, apply 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre to small weeds less than 2 inches in height or diameter under dormant trees or apply 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre as a post-harvest treatment followed by 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs.

Al) per acre prior to bud break. GA: Apply 1.6 to 2.4 quarts (1.6 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring. Repeat application in the Fall but do not use more than 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year. Add a surfactant to improve control of small, emerged weeds.

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Gharda Diuron 4L plus Terbacil (80%): Apply either in the Spring or after harvest in the Fall before weeds emerge or during early seedling stage of weed growth.

Soil Texture	Rate/Acre Gharda Diuron 4L + Terbacil (80%)	
3011 Texture	1 to 2% Organic Matter	More Than 2% Organic Matter
Sandy loam	0.8 qt. (0.8 lbs. Al)	1.2 qts. (1.2 lbs. Al) +
	1 lb. (0.8 lbs. Al)	1.5 lbs. (1.2 lbs. Al)
Loam, Silt loam,	1.2 qts. (1.2 lbs. Al) +	1.6 qts. (1.6 lbs. Al) +
Silt	1.5 lbs. (1.2 lbs. Al)	2 lbs. (1.6 lbs. Al)
Clay loam, Clay	1.6 qts. (1.6 lbs. Al)	1.6 qts. (1.6 lbs. Al)
	2 lbs. (1.6 lbs. Al)	2 lbs. (1.6 lbs. Al)

NOTE: Where complete weed control to harvest is desired, additional weed control measures may be required during the growing season.

Bananas and Plantains

RESTRICTIONS:

- New Plantings:
 - Preemergence (to weed emergence)/Broadcast and Band/Ground:
 - Maximum single application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs.
 - Al) per acre per year. Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Established Plantings:
 - Postemergence, Broadcast or Band, Ground
 - Maximum single application rate 4.8 quarts (4.8 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 9.6 Quarts (9.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
 - Minimum Retreatment Interval is 45 days.
 - . Do not apply to lose soil directly over the planting material.
 - Do not replant treated area to any crop within 2 years after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result.

New Plantings: To control annual weeds, apply 1.2 to 2.4 quarts (1.2 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre after planting but before weeds or crop emerge.

Established Plantings: For control of annuals and for top kill of Perennials such as Bermudagrass, Birdseed grass and Guinea grass, apply 2.4 to 4.8 quarts (2.4 to 4.8 lbs. Al) per acre plus a surfactant. Avoid contact of plants with spray or drift as injury may result. When tall, dense weed

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growth is present, remove weed growth before application. If application is made to soil free of weeds, omit the surfac-

tant from the spray. Repeat treatment as needed. **Note:** Sugarcane or Pineapple may be planted after 1 year. **Blueberries. Raspberries. Caneberries. Gooseberries.**

Blueberries, Raspberries, Caneberries, Gooseberries, Boysenberries, Dewberries and Loganberries, RESTRICTIONS:

- RESTRICTIONS:

 Do not apply to Berries interplanted with fruit trees.
- Do not apply to plants whose roots are exposed as injury may result.
- Use only in fields which have been established for at least 1 year.
- Postemergence/Band/Ground:
 Use Specific application Restrictions for AR, FL, GA,
 - MS, MO, NH, NC, and SC.
 - Maximum single application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 Maximum application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs.
 - Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
 Minimum Retreatment Interval is 90 days.
 - Use Specific Restrictions for IN, MI, OH.
 - Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs.
 - Al) per acre.

 Maximum split application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs.
 - Al) per acre in the Fall and repeat application of 1.6 Quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Fall and repeat application of 1.6 Quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring.
 - Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Al) per acre per year.Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
 - Minimum Retreatment Interval is 90 days.
 Use Specific Restrictions for ME and MA.
 - Ise Specific Restrictions for **ME** and **MA**
 - Maximum single application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.

 Maximum single application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - Use Specific Restrictions for MD and NJ.
 Maximum single application rate 2 quarts (2.0 lbs.
 - Al) per acre.

 Maximum annual application rate 2 quarts (2.0 lbs.
 - Maximum annual application rate 2 quarts (2.0 lbs Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - Use Specific Restrictions for CA, OR and WA.
 - Maximum single application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
 Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs.
 - Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
 Minimum Patrastment Interval is 20 days.
 - Minimum Retreatment Interval is 90 days.

code: No Code

Apply as a band treatment at base of canes or bushes. For Spring application, apply before germination and growth of annual weeds.

AR, FL, GA, MS, MO, NC, NH, SC—Blueberries: Apply 1.2

AR, FL, GA, MS, MO, NC, NH, SC—Blueberries: Apply 1.2 to 1.6 quarts (1.2 to 1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring and repeat treatment after harvest in the Fall. Add surfactant to the spray mixture to improve control of small, emerged weeds.

IN, MI and OH—Blueberries: Apply 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre in late Spring. Alternatively, apply 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Fall and repeat at same rate in the Spring.
IN, MI, OH—Raspberries: Apply 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per

acre in the late Spring.

MA, ME—Blueberries: Apply 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in late Spring.

MD, NJ—Blueberries: For control of Winter annuals, apply 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in October to December or a single application of 2 quarts (2.0 lbs. Al) per acre may be applied in early to mid-Spring.

CA—Raspberries, Blackberries, Boysenberries, Dew-

berries and Loganberries: For control of Winter annuals, apply 1.6 quarts per acre in October or November. Repeat at same rate in late Spring to control Summer annuals. A single application of 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre in January or February will control both Winter and Summer annuals in some areas, but the separate Fall and Spring schedule is preferred.

Western OR and Western WA—Blueberries, Caneberries and Gooseberries: For control of Winter annual weeds, apply 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in October or November. Repeat at the same rate in late Spring to control Summer annuals. A single application of 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre in January or February will control both Winter and Summer annuals in some areas, but the separate Fall and Spring schedule is preferred.

Citrus (Crop Group 10: Citrus Fruit Group excluding lemons)

[Representative Commodities: Calamondin, Citrus citron, Citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo, tangor), Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Orange (sour and sweet), pummelo, Satsuma mandarin]

- RESTRICTIONS:

 AFRIAL APPLIE
- AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
 Destamparance (President of Bond (Cree))
- Postemergence/Broadcast or Band/Ground:
 - Citrus (Flatwood, Florida Area)
 - Maximum single application rate 6.4 quarts (6.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 6.4 quarts (6.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.

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File #: 84675_1 Art Order #: 370222 Item#: 2708-31 folder: file://lblmemart1/PRODUCTION/Products/800000/84675_1 Size: Vert: 6.7500" X Horz: 5.7500" _ _ _ Date: 7/24/2020 Time: 11:36:35 colors: Black dieline alt by: brittm ____ DocuProof---Checked by:____

- Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
- Minimum retreatment interval is 60 days (trees < 4 years).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 80 days (trees > 4 years).
- Citrus (Other than Flatwood, Florida area)
- Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum annual application rate 6.4 quarts (6.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 2 when applied at the lower rate, but **DO NOT** apply more than the maximum annual rate.
- Minimum retreatment interval is 60 days (trees < 4 years).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 80 days (trees > 4 years).
- FL: Do not use "Trunk to Trunk", use only as band application.
- application.Use specific Restrictions for Highly Permeable Soils:
 - Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 4.8 quarts (4.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year inclusive of all diuron formulations used within 1 year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2 when applied at the lower rate, but DO NOT apply more than the maximum annual rate.
- Minimum retreatment interval is 80 days.
 Use specific Restrictions for AZ (except Yuma) and CA
 - (except Imperial and Coachella Valleys):Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs.
 - Al) per acre.
 Maximum split application rate (as needed) 1.6 quarts
 - (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Fall with a repeat application of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2 when applied at lower rate.
 - Minimum retreatment interval is 150 days.
 - Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year inclusive of all diuron formulations used within 1 year.

Puerto Rico:

- Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum split application rate (as needed) 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre followed by a repeat application of 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum annual application rate 6.4 quarts (6.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year: 2

code: No Code

Minimum retreatment interval is 120 days.

- In bedded groves, do not treat water furrows between the beds as injury to the trees may result.
- Use specific Restrictions for **TX**:
 - Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 6.4 quarts (6.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.

Time application as indicated for specific areas. However,

- Maximum number of applications per year: 2
- · Minimum retreatment interval is 120 days.

application may be made any time of the year where sprinkler or flood irrigation can be timed to activate the herbicide. Established Perennial weeds require other special control procedures.

This product may be applied in Citrus in combination with other labeled products like glyphosate or paraquat. Read and follow specific label instructions, precautions and restrictions on the label of the tank mix partner when applying

this product in combination with other products. Always follow the most restrictive label.

AZ (except Yuma area) and CA (except Imperial and Coachella Valleys): Apply 2.4 to 3.2 quarts (2.4 to 3.2 lbs.

Al) per acre shortly after grove has been laid-up in final form (no-tillage program) in late Fall or early Winter. Alternatively, apply 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in October or November and repeat at the same rate in March or April. Sub-

sequent annual applications of 1.6 to 2.4 quarts (1.6 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre will usually give adequate weed control. FL: Use only as a band application.

East Coast/Flatwoods Areas (Low permeable soils): Apply from 1.6 – 6.4 quarts (1.6 to 6.4 lbs. Al) per acre for control of Annual broadleaf weeds and Annual grasses. Addition of an approved surfactant will improve control of

emerged weeds.

Ridge Areas, except Highland Co. (Highly permeable soils): Apply from 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre for control of Annual broadleaved weeds and Annual grasses. Addition of an approved surfactant will improve

Ridge Areas, Highland Co. (Highly permeable soils): Apply from 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre for control of Annual broadleaved weeds and Annual grasses. Addition of an approved surfactant will improve control of emerged weeds.

control of emerged weeds.

Puerto Rico: Make a single application of 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per application or apply 2.4 to 3.2 quarts (2.4 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre followed by the same rate 4 to 6

months later. On bearing Citrus, apply any time when seasonal rains are expected. On nonbearing trees, apply when Winter banks are pulled down. For control of Guinea grass, Loosestrife, Maiden cane, Paragrass, Primrose willow and Sea myrtle in ditches adjacent to Citrus groves, use 2.3 fl.

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ozs. per 1,000 square feet (0.073 lbs. Al per 1,000 square feet) in sufficient water (minimum 4 gallons per 1,000 square feet) to provide thorough and uniform coverage. Apply in the Spring before weed growth starts or after removal of vegetation. Repeat treatment on a spot basis to control hard-to-kill species such as Guinea grass.

TX: Apply 1.6 to 3.2 guarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre for annual weeds. Use 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre for control of Johnsongrass seedlings. Best results accompany application in the Spring. Well-established weeds need to be eliminated by cultivation prior to treatment.

Filberts (Except CA)

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Directed Spray/Ground: • Do not apply when nuts are on the ground.
 - · Do not use on Light sandy soils.
 - Do not graze livestock in treated orchards.
 - Maximum single application rate 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum split application rate (as needed) 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Fall with a repeat application of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring.
 - Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2 when applied at lower rate.
 - Minimum retreatment interval is 150 days.

Use this product to control certain weeds in Filbert orchards established for at least one year. Apply this product as a directed spray. Avoid contact of foliage and fruit with spray or drift. Make an initial treatment of 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre in the late Fall or early Winter after harvest. Repeat annually with 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre or apply 1.6

harvest and repeat at the same rate in March or April. If trees are planted on hillsides, the elimination of weeds and ground cover may cause excessive soil erosion. Under these conditions strip applications of this product (at proportionately lower rates) may be made near the trees or to the tree rows perpendicular to the slope.

quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in October or November after

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Band/Ground:
- Maximum single application rate 4 quarts (4.0 lbs. Al)
- Maximum annual application rate 8.0 quarts (8.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year
- Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
- Minimum retreatment interval is 90 days.
- · Avoid contact of foliage and green bark (non-barked vines except for undesirable suckers) with spray drift.

- · West of the Rocky Mountains.
 - Do not apply to vines with trunks less than 1.5 inches in diameter as injury may result.
- NY and PA-Grasses:
 - Do not apply more than once every 4 years. Use only on heavy soils, such as Loams, Silt loams and Clay
 - Do not use in areas where Grape roots are shallow or exposed because of high bedrock; poor drainage or erosion as injury to Grapes may result.

Apply only to established vineyards (at least 3 years old) as a band treatment to Grape rows. On soils low in clay or organic matter (1 to 2%), severe plant injury may result if heavy rainfall or more than one inch of irrigation occurs soon after treatment. This risk must be assumed by the user. Avoid contact of foliage and green bark (non-barked vines

except for undesirable suckers) with spray drift. East of the Rocky Mountains: On soils low in clay or organic matter (1 to 2%), apply 1.6 to 2.4 quarts (1.6 to 2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per application. On soils high in clay or organic matter, apply 2.4 to 4 quarts (2.4 to 4.0 lbs. Al) per

acre per application. Apply in the Spring just prior to germination of Annual weeds. West of the Rocky Mountains: For best results, apply during the Winter months when weeds are less than 2 inches in height or diameter. Rainfall or overhead sprinkler irrigation sufficient to wet the soil to a depth of 2 inches is necessary to activate the herbicide. Abnormally heavy rainfall following

into the root zone of Grapes which could result in injury. For initial treatment, apply 2.4 to 3.2 quarts (2.4 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre; subsequent annual applications of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre will usually give adequate weed control.

application just before Spring growth may move the herbicide

NY and PA-Grasses: Use only in established vineyards (at least 4 years old) for spot control of Perennial grasses such as Orchardgrass, Quackgrass and Ryegrass. Apply in the Spring as a band treatment to ridged soil (2- to 4 inches high) under the trellis at the rate of 4 quarts (4.0 lbs. Al) per acre per application. Band width must not exceed 30 inches.

Macadamia Nuts

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Directed/Ground:
 - Maximum single application rate 4.8 quarts (4.8 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum split application rate (as needed) 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre in the Fall with a repeat application of 2.4 Quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring.
 - Maximum annual application rate 8.0 quarts (8.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2, when applied at the lower rate, but DO NOT exceed the maximum allowable application rate per acre per year.

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File #: 84675 1 Art Order #: 370222 Item#: 2708-31 folder: file://lblmemart1/PRODUCTION/Products/800000/84675 1 Size: Vert: 6.7500" X Horz: 5.7500" _ _ _ Date: 7/24/2020 Time: 11:36:35 colors: Black dieline DocuProof---Checked by:

alt by: brittm code: No Code

- Minimum retreatment interval is 150 days.
- Use specific Restrictions HI:
- · Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 1 year.

HI: Apply 1.6 to 4.8 quarts (1.6 to 4.8 lbs. Al) per acre immediately after harvest, preferably before weeds emerge. If weeds have emerged, add surfactant. Retreat as needed.

Olives RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Directed/Ground:
 - Maximum single application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al)
 - Maximum split application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Fall with a repeat application of 1.6
 - Quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring. • Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs.
 - Al) per acre per year
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2. . Minimum retreatment interval is 150 days.
 - · Use specific Restrictions CA: Use only under trees established in the grove for at
 - least 1 year.

CA: Apply 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre after grove has been laid-up in final form in late October or November; repeat at same rate in March or April. Remove weed growth prior to treatment.

Papavas

- Postemergence/Directed/Ground:
 - Maximum single application rate 4 quarts (4.0 lbs. Al) per acre. Maximum annual application rate 4 quarts (4.0 lbs. Al)
 - per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1. Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least

1 year. Apply 2 to 4 quarts (2.0 to 4.0 lbs. Al) per acre, preferably before weeds emerge. If weeds have emerged, add surfactant.

Peaches

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Directed or Band/Ground:
 - Maximum single application rate 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al)
 - Maximum annual application rate 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.

code: No Code

• Preharvest Interval: 3 months (8 month in the western

- Do not treat trees planted in the bottom of irrigation furrows nor trees grown under flat flood or basin irrigation, as injury to trees may result.
- Use specific Restrictions for CA:
- Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 3 years.
- Maximum single application rate 3 quarts (3.0 lbs. Al) per acre. Maximum annual application rate 3 quarts (3.0 lbs. Al)
- per acre per year Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Preharvest Interval: 3 Months (8 Months in the western
- Use specific application rate GA:
 - Use only on trees established for a minimum of 2
 - Maximum split application rate 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring with a repeat application of 2.2
 - quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre in the Fall. Maximum annual application rate 4.4 quarts (4.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2.

bacil. Where crop is grown under furrow-irrigation or under

raised-berm flood irrigation (trees 4 to 6 inches above wa-

terline), apply only as a band treatment. Where complete

 Minimum retreatment interval is 150 days. Use this product alone or apply as a tank mixture with Ter-

weed control to harvest is desired, additional weed control measures may be required during the growing season. This Product Alone: Apply 1.6 to 2.2 guarts (1.6 to 2.2 lbs. Al) per acre in the early Spring before weeds emerge or during the early seedling stage of weed growth. CA, apply 1.6 to 3 guarts (1.6 to 3.0 lbs. Al) per acre in the early Spring before weeds emerge or during the early seed-

ling stage of weed growth. GA: Apply 1.6 to 2.2 quarts (1.6 to 2.2 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring. Repeat application in the Fall but do not exceed 4 quarts per acre per year. Add surfactant to improve control of small, emerged weeds.

Gharda Diuron 4L plus Terbacil: Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 2 years. Apply either in the Spring or after harvest in the Fall before weeds emerge or during early seedling stage of weed growth.

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Soil Texture	Rate/Acre Gharda Diuron 4L + Terbacil (80%)			
Jon Texture	1 to 2% Organic Matter	More Than 2% Organic Matter		
Sandy loam	0.8 qt. (0.8 lbs. Al) + 1 lb. (0.8 lbs. Al)	1.2 qts. (1.2 lbs. Al) + 1.5 lbs. (1.2 lbs. Al)		
Loam, Silt loam, Silt	1.2 qts. (1.2 lbs. Al) + 1.5 lbs. (1.2 lbs. Al)	1.6 qts. (1.6 lbs. Al) + 2 lbs. (1.6 lbs. Al)		
Clay loam, Clay	1.6 qts. (1.6 lbs. Al) + 2 lbs. (1.6 lbs. Al)	1.6 qts. (1.6 lbs. Al) + 2 lbs. (1.6 lbs. Al)		

Pears

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Directed or Band/Ground:
 - Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al)
 - Maximum split application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre post-harvest followed by a repeat application of 1.6 Quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre prior to bud break.
 - Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
 - Minimum retreatment interval is 150 days. • Do not treat varieties grafted on full-dwarf root stocks.
 - Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 1 year.
- Apply 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring (March through May). In the Far West, apply 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre to weeds less than 2 inches in height or diameter under dormant trees. Alternatively, apply to small weeds at 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre post-harvest followed by 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre prior to budbreak.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Broadcast or Band/Ground:
 - Use only on trees established in the grove for at least 3 years and on soil with at least 0.5% organic matter.
 - Do not apply within 3 months of harvest.
 - Use specific Restrictions by soil type:
 - Sandy loam Soils:
 - Maximum single application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.

code: No Code

- · Loam, Silt loam, Silt Soils:
- Maximum single application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4) lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum annual application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- · Clay loam, Clay Soils: Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2
 - lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year. Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- · Do not use on eroded areas where subsoil or roots are exposed, nor on trees that are diseased or lacking in vigor or on trees planted in irrigation furrows as injury to the trees may result.
- Use specific Restrictions for application with Terbacil:
 - Use on trees established in the grove for at least 1 year and on soil with at least 1% organic matter.

Use this product alone or apply as a tank mixture with Terbacil. Make a single band or broadcast application as a directed spray using a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre. Apply in the Spring before weeds emerge or during the early seedling stage of growth.

	Rate per Acre			
Soil Texture	Gharda Diuron 4L		Gharda Diuron 4L + Terbacil (80%)	
Sandy loam	1.6 qts. (1.6 lbs. Al)		.2 qts. + 1.5 lbs. (1.2 lbs + 1.2 lbs. Al)	
Loam, Silt loam, Silt	2.4 qts. (2.4 lbs. Al)	or	1.2 qts. + 1.75 lbs. (1.2 lbs. + 1.4 lbs. Al)	
Clay loam, Clay	3.2 qts. (3.2 lbs. Al)		1.4 qts. + 2.0 lbs. (1.4 lbs. + 1.6 Lbs. Al)	

Pineapples

RESTRICTIONS:

- Preemergence/Postemergence/Broadcast or Band/Ground:
- Use Specific Restrictions to HI:
- Maximum single application rate 4.8 quarts (4.8 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum retreat application rate (plant crop only) 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum rate prior to differentiation is 9.6 quarts (9.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum annual application rate 12.8 quarts (12.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 2.
- Minimum retreatment interval is 60 days.

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- Use Specific Restrictions to FL:
 - Maximum single application rate 5.0 quarts (5.0 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum rate prior to differentiation is 9.6 guarts (9.6 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum retreat application rate (plant crop only) 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate is 12.8 quarts (12.8 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 3 when applied at lower rate.
- · Minimum retreatment interval is 60 days
- Use Specific Restrictions to PR:
- Maximum single application (Preplant/Preemergence) rate 5.0 quarts (5.0 lbs. Al) per acre.
- Maximum rate prior to differentiation is 5 quarts (5.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year
- Maximum annual application rate 5 quarts (5.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
- Maximum number of applications per year is 1. HI: Apply 1.6 to 4.8 quarts (1.6 to 4.8 lbs. Al) per acre as a

broadcast spray just before or immediately after planting but prior to weed emergence. Use 1.6 to 3.2 quarts (1.6 to 3.2 lbs. Al) per acre after harvesting the plant crop or ration crop (for first ratoon crop as well as subsequent ratoon crops) but before differentiation. For plant crop only, additional broadcast or interspace applications may be made prior to differentiation at the rate of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre at intervals of not less than 2 months. Additional applications to plant crop may be made as needed to interspace only using 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre, nor more

than 12.8 quarts (12.8 lbs. Al) total per acre per plant crop.

Treated areas may be planted to Pineapple or Sugarcane 1

year after last application. FL: Apply 3.2 to 5 quarts (3.2 to 5.0 lbs. Al) per acre as a broadcast spray just before or immediately after planting but prior to weed emergence. Use 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre after harvesting plant crop (for ration crop). For plant crop only, a second and third broadcast or interspace application may be made prior to differentiation at the rate of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre at intervals of not less than 2 months. Additional applications to plant crop may be

made as needed to interspace only using 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs.

Al) per acre, nor more than 12.8 quarts (12.8 lbs. Al) total

per acre per plant crop. Treated areas may be planted to

Pineapple or Sugarcane 1 year after last application. Puerto Rico: Apply 3 to 5 quarts (3.0 to 5.0 lbs. Al) per acre as a broadcast spray just before or immediately after planting but prior to weed emergence. Pre-emergence applica-

tion controls weeds such as Crabgrass, Crotolaria, Fall panicum, Foxtail, Goosegrass, Morningglory, Pigweed, Purslane and Sourgrass. Treated areas may be planted to Pineapple or Sugarcane 1 year after last application.

Walnuts (English)

RESTRICTIONS:

- Postemergence/Directed or Band/Ground:
 - · Use only under trees established in the orchard for at least 1 year.
 - Do not use on Sand. Loamy sand. Gravelly soils or exposed subsoils, nor where organic matter is less than 1%.
 - · Do not graze livestock in treated groves.
 - Use specific Restrictions for OR, WA:
 - Maximum single application rate 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1
 - Use specific Restrictions for CA Only:
 - Maximum single application rate 3 quarts (3.0 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum split application rate 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Fall followed by a repeat application of 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in the Spring.
 - Maximum single annual application rate 3 guarts (3.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum split annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 2 when applied at lower rate.
 - · Minimum retreatment interval is 150 days.

OR, WA: As an initial treatment, apply 2.2 quarts (2.2 lbs. Al) per acre after the orchard has been laid-up in final form (no-tillage program) in late Fall or early Winter; retreat annually with 1.6 to 2.2 quarts (1.6 to 2.2 lbs. Al) per acre.

CA: Apply 1.6 to 3 guarts (1.6 to 3.0 lbs. Al) per acre. Alternatively, apply 1.6 quarts (1.6 lbs. Al) per acre in October or November and repeat at same rate in March or April.

ORNAMENTAL CROPS (bulb, plant)

Bulb Crops (Bulbous Iris, Narcissus and Daffodils) RESTRICTIONS:

- Preemergence/Broadcast/Ground:
- AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
 - Maximum single application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
- Do not replant treated areas to any crop within 1 year after last application as injury to subsequent crops may result.

Western WA: Make a single application of 3.2 quarts (3.2 lbs. Al) per acre. Apply after planting, but no later than 4 weeks prior to bulb emergence (usually late September or October).

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File #: 84675 1 Art Order #: 370222 Item#: 2708-31 folder: file://lblmemart1/PRODUCTION/Products/800000/84675 1 Size: Vert: 6.7500" X Horz: 5.7500" _ _ _ Date: 7/24/2020 Time: 11:36:35 colors: Black dieline

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Plumosus Fern

RESTRICTIONS:

- Preemerge/Postemergent/Broadcast/Ground:
- AERIAL APPLICATION IS PROHIBITED.
 - Maximum single application rate 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre.
 - Maximum annual application rate 2.4 guarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre per year.
 - Maximum number of applications per year is 1.
 - Do not cultivate or disturb soil after application as crop iniury may result.
 - Treat only established stands at least 1 year old.

FL: Hand weed and mow fern, then make a single application of 2.4 quarts (2.4 lbs. Al) per acre within 3 to 5 days.

NON-CROPLAND WEED CONTROL

(Including: airports, utility, rights-of-way, fence rows, barrier strips, highway, pipeline and railroad rights-ofway, sewage disposal areas, petroleum tank farms, lumberyards, farmyards, fuel storage areas, industrial plant sites, around farm buildings, farm yards, and uncultivated agricultural areas)

This product is an effective herbicide for the control of many weeds. The degree of control and duration of effect will vary with the amount of chemical applied, soil texture, rainfall and other conditions. This product may be used as a preemergence treatment at any time of year, except when ground is frozen, provided adequate moisture is supplied by rainfall or artificial means to activate the herbicide. Best results are obtained if applications made to the soil are applied shortly before weed growth begins. If dense growth is present, remove tops and spray the ground. Increased contact activity on established weeds may be obtained using a surfactant. Apply as a drenching spray to actively growing weeds during warm weather when daily temperature will ex-

Use a fixed-boom power sprayer, properly calibrated, to ensure a constant rate of application. Mix proper amount of this product into volume of water necessary to obtain uniform coverage. If surfactant is used, dilute with ten parts of water and add as last ingredient to a nearly full tank. This product must be kept in suspension at all times. Agitate by mechanical or hydraulic means in the spray tank. If bypass or return line is used, it must terminate at bottom of tank to minimize foaming. Use 50-mesh screen or larger.

RESTRICTIONS:

- Aerial application is prohibited EXCEPT for weed control in rights-of-way where this product may be applied by air or ground equipment.
- Maximum single application rate 12 quarts (12.0 lbs. Al)
- Maximum annual application rate 12.0 quarts (12.0 lbs. Al) per acre per year.

- Number of applications per year is 4, but **DO NOT** exceed the combined maximum annual application rate per acre per year.
- · Use a minimum retreatment interval between applications of 90 days.
- Do not treat any ditch area into which roots of trees or other desirable plants may extend as injury may result.

Weeds Controlled: For weed control in uncultivated noncropland including airports, utility, rights-of-way, fence rows, barrier strips, highway, pipeline and railroad rights-ofway, sewage disposal areas, petroleum tank farms, lumberyards, farm yards, fuel storage areas, industrial plant sites, around farm buildings, farm yards, and uncultivated agricultural areas. Apply 4 to 12 quarts (4.0 to 12.0 lbs. Al) per acre to control annual weeds including:

Broadleaves - 4 to 12 qts. (4.0 to 12.0 lbs. Al) per Acre Ageratum Pennycress

Chickweed Pigweed Cocklebur Pineappleweed Corn speedwell Pokeweed Corn spurry Prickly lettuce Davflower Prickly sida (Teaweed) Dogfennel Purslane

Fiddleneck (Amsinckia) Rabbit tobacco Flora's paintbrush Ragweed Gromwell Sesbania Groundcherry, Annual Sicklepod

Hawksbeard Sowthistle, Annual Horsenettle Tansy mustard Horseweed Velvetleaf (Buttonweed) Knawel Wild buckwheat

Lambsquarters Wild lettuce Marigold Wild mustard Mexican clover Wild radish Morningglory, Annual

Grasses - 4 to 6.4 qts. (4.0 to 6.4 lbs. Al) per Acre Barnyardgrass (Watergrass) Rattail fescue

Bluegrass, Annual Red sprangletop Crabarass Ricegrass Foxtail Ryegrass, Annual Kyllinga Sandbur

Lovegrass, Annual Seedling Johnsongrass Orchardgrass Velvetgrass Peppergrass Vernalgrass.

Grasses - 6.4 to 12 qts. (6.4 to 12.0 lbs. Al) per Acre

Guineagrass Pangolagrass Maidengrass

Sweet, Annual

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Quackgrass

File #: 84675 1 Art Order #: 370222 Item#: 2708-31 folder: file://lblmemart1/PRODUCTION/Products/800000/84675_1 Size: Vert: 6.7500" X Horz: 5.7500" _ _ _ Date: 7/24/2020 Time: 11:36:35 colors: Black dieline

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Irrigation and Drainage Ditches: Apply 4 to 12 quarts (4.0 to 12.0 lbs. Al) per acre to control most annual weeds shown in the preceding table. Apply only when water is not in the ditch. For irrigation ditches, apply during the non-crop season and when ditch is not in use. Minimize movement of this product with irrigation water to avoid crop injury. The herbicide must be fixed in the soil by moisture. Apply before expected seasonal rainfall, if possible, when soil in the ditch is still moist. Following treatment, if rainfall has not totaled at

hours; drain off any wastewater remaining before using ditch. STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

least 4 inches, fill ditch with water and allow to stand for 72

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Storage should be under lock and key and secure from access by unauthorized persons and children. Storage should be in a cool, dry area away from any heat or ignition source. Avoid storage at high temperatures. Do not stack over 2 pallets high. Do not move containers from one area to another unless they are securely sealed. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Keep away from any puncture source. Avoid storage near water supplies, food, feed and fertilizer to avoid contamination. Store in original container only. If the contents are leaking or material is spilled, follow these steps:

- 1. Collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. 2. Wash area with soap and water to remove remaining
- 3. Follow washing with clean water rinse.
- 4. Do not allow runoff to enter sewer or contaminate
- water supplies.
- 5. Dispose of waste as indicated below:

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: To avoid waste, use all materials in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often, such programs are run by State or local governments or by industry).

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container (Rigid material; less than 5 gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container one-fourth full of water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(continued)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: (continued) Nonrefillable Container (Rigid material; 5 gallons up

to < 250 gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full of water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Refillable Container (250 gallons & Bulk): Refillable

container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

For Chemical Spill, Leak, Fire, or Exposure, Call CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300.

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Conditions of Sale and Warranty Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Lack of performance, or other unintended

consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Gharda Chemicals International Inc. or the seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law, all such risks shall be as-

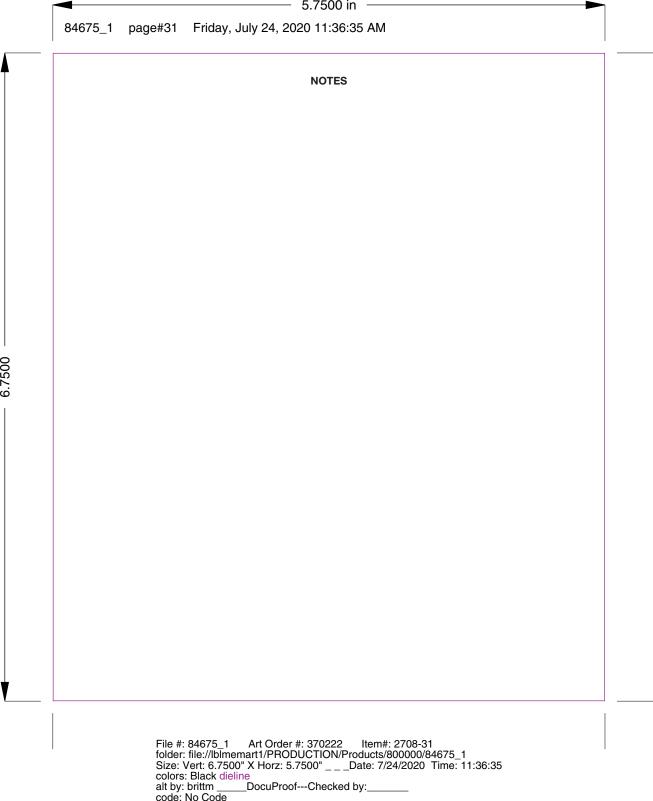
sumed by buyer. Notice of Warranty and Disclaimer Seller warrants that at the time of delivery the product in this container conforms to its chemical description contained hereon and is reasonably fit for its intended purpose under normal conditions of use. This is the only warranty made on this product. To the extent permitted by applicable law, Seller expressly disclaims any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose and, except as set forth above, any other express or implied warranties. Any damages arising from breach of warranty or negligence shall be limited to direct damages not exceeding the purchase price paid for this product by Buyer and shall not include incidental or

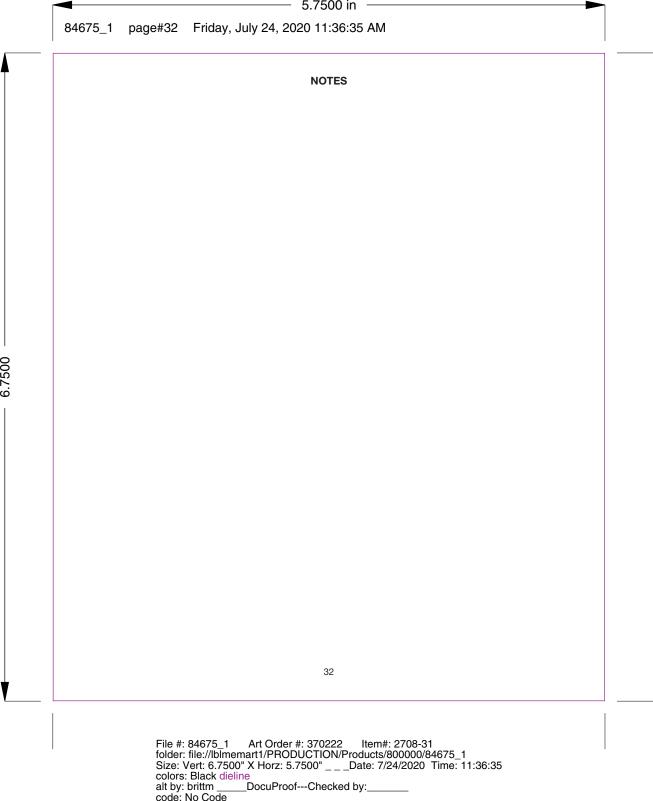
consequential damages such as, but not limited to, loss of profits or values. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of the Seller. To the extent permitted by applicable law Seller be liable for the consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. The Buyer shall assume all such risks. Buyer acknowledges the use of its own independent skill and expertise in the selection and use of the product and does not rely on any oral or written statements or representations.

EPA Accepted: 07_29_2019

Manufactured For: Gharda Chemicals International Inc. 760 Newtown-Yardley Road Suite 110 Newtown, PA 18940 1-215 968-9474

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GROUP 7 HERBICIDE

GHARDA DIURON 4L

Herbicide

For control of Herbaceous weeds and Annual and Perennial

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Diuron	40.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	60.0%
TOTAL:	00.00%

This product contains 4 pounds of diuron per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING (Recirculate Contents Before Use)

See inside booklet for complete Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Warranty.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND

DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking and chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing be-

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- · Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.	

treatment advice.

Call a poison control center or doctor for

FIRST AID (continued)

IF ON

SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- · Take off contaminated clothing.
- · Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
 - · Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

For emergency medical treatment information call CHEMTREC at: 1-(800)-424-9300

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

All pilots and flaggers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks. In addition to the PPE above, ground boom applicators must also wear chemical-resistant gloves.

All mixers, loaders, other applicators, and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks, chemical-resistant gloves and chemical-resistant apron when mixing, loading, or cleaning equipment or spills, and wear a minimum of a NIOSH approved filtering face piece respirator with any N filter (TC-84A). You can also use other NIOSH approved particulate respirators that offer more protection. For more information, see www.epa.gov/pesticide-respirators. See engineering controls for additional requirements. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark, do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

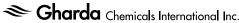
ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standards (WPS) for Agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Flaggers supporting aerial applications must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the WPS for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, flaggers must wear long- sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, and socks.

EPA Reg. No.: 93182-27 EPA Est. No.: 19713-MS-001 Net Contents: 2.5 Gallons Manufactured For:



760 Newtown-Yardlev Rd., Suite 110 Newtown, PA 18940 1-215-968-9474



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